



SUBJECT:	European Studies
PAPER NUMBER:	I
DATE:	27 th May 2022
TIME:	9:00 a.m. to 11:05 a.m.

Choose any **THREE** sections out of five and answer **ALL** the questions in the sections you have chosen.

SECTION I – POWER AND PEOPLE

- Name the **THREE** European Union institutions that are responsible for EU legislation. (3)
 - Elaborate on **TWO** major roles of **each** one of these institutions. (6)
 - Explain the meaning of the following terms:
 - universal suffrage; (2)
 - representative democracy; and (2)
 - subsidiarity. (2)
 - Identify **FOUR** ways by which the levels of wealth and poverty in Europe are measured. (4)
 - Mention **FOUR** categories of people who receive welfare benefits. (2)
 - Name and explain **THREE** challenges to the sustainability of the welfare state. (9)
- (Total: 30 marks)**

SECTION II – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND CHANGES IN EUROPE

- Commerce is considered essential for economic development. Explain the meaning of the following related terms:
 - protectionism; (3)
 - cartel; and (3)
 - fair-trade. (3)
 - When was the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) set up? (1)
 - Identify and explain **FOUR** main aims of the CAP. (8)
 - Until the end of the last century, forests in Scandinavia were regarded as an inexhaustible resource. However, this situation has changed, with Scandinavian forestry now being subject to legislation that balances production and environmental aims. Discuss **THREE** measures which are meant to achieve sustainable forestry. (6)
 - Explain the meaning of the term 'transnational corporations'. (2)
 - Name **FOUR** advantages of transnational corporations for the countries from which they operate. (4)
- (Total: 30 marks)**

Please turn the page.

SECTION III - DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL REALITIES

11. Briefly explain the terms related to population which are listed below:
- (a) birth rate; (3)
 - (b) death rate; and (3)
 - (c) low population density. (3)
12. Why did Europe experience population decline in the 20th century? Give **TWO** reasons. (4)
13. Discuss **THREE** effects of urbanisation on the social conditions of Europeans. (6)
14. What led to the Industrial Revolution and how did it change European society? (6)
15. Mention a holiday destination in Europe and highlight **TWO** attractions. (5)
- (Total: 30 marks)**

SECTION IV - EUROPEANS AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT

16. Explain the environmental impact of the following:
- (a) intensive farming; (3)
 - (b) industry; and (3)
 - (c) mass tourism. (3)
17. Mention **THREE** methods how Malta can use water sustainably. (6)
18. Discuss the conflict of interest between environmental conservation and development in the Mediterranean region. (8)
19. If the current European generation is **not** going to use the available resources wisely, future generations will pay the price. Discuss. (7)
- (Total: 30 marks)**

SECTION V – THE CULTURAL HERITAGE

20. Explain the role of **each** of the following factors in the formation of national identity:
- (a) culture; (3)
 - (b) national frontiers; and (3)
 - (c) myths. (3)
21. Both world wars left a lasting impact on Europe and the world. Describe **THREE** major developments in Europe that were a direct consequence of these conflicts. (6)
22. The pop band One Direction was formed in 2010, becoming very successful for their charm and catchy songs. Discuss. (4)
23. Discuss how printing and the steam engine revolutionised European civilisation. (6)
24. Name **TWO** American fast food chains that are in Malta and Europe. (2)
25. What role did Arabic scientists play in the diffusion of Mathematics in Europe? (3)
- (Total: 30 marks)**



SUBJECT:	European Studies
PAPER NUMBER:	IIA
DATE:	30 th May 2022
TIME:	4:00 p.m. to 6:05 p.m.

Choose any **FOUR** questions from at least **THREE** different sections.

SECTION I – POWER AND PEOPLE

1. The Council of Europe is proactive in terms of the protection and promotion of human rights. Discuss. (20)
2. Structural violence leads to unequal opportunities in fulfilling human needs. Discuss. (20)

SECTION II – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND CHANGES IN EUROPE

3. As a result of the growing popularity of the internet, purchasing goods and online services has become a common practice among people around the world. Discuss the advantages of e-commerce as opposed to traditional in-store shopping. (20)
4. Sweden invests heavily in research and development (R&D) and it is considered as a pioneer of innovation. Discuss. (20)

SECTION III - DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL REALITIES

5. As life expectancy increases so do the opportunities and the challenges for the elderly, their families, and the societies to which they belong. Discuss. (20)
6. Technology is transforming the world of work, creating both opportunities and insecurities. Discuss. (20)

SECTION IV - EUROPEANS AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT

7. Discuss the negative impacts on the Mediterranean Sea as a result of human activity. (20)
8. Water is life, sustaining ecosystems and regulating our climate. However, even though water is valuable, it is a scarce resource. Discuss. (20)

SECTION V – THE CULTURAL HERITAGE

9. In what ways was European political thought influenced by the ideologies of liberalism and socialism? (20)
10. The ruins of classical temples and open-air theatres built in the Ancient World are testament to the engineering and architectural capabilities of the time. Discuss with reference to the Parthenon and the Colosseum. (20)



SUBJECT:	European Studies
PAPER NUMBER:	IIB
DATE:	30 th May 2022
TIME:	4:00 p.m. to 6:05 p.m.

Choose any **FOUR** questions from at least **THREE** different sections.

SECTION I - POWER AND PEOPLE

- When was the Council of Europe established? (1)
 - How many member states are there in this organisation? (1)
 - Protecting and promoting human rights is one of the main aims of the Council of Europe. Discuss. (12)
 - What is the role of the European Court of Human Rights? (5)
 - Where is this Court situated? (1)

(Total: 20 marks)

- Define the term 'structural violence'. (4)
 - Poverty can be described as a form of structural violence. Discuss. (12)
 - Name and describe **TWO** other forms of structural violence. (4)

(Total: 20 marks)

SECTION II - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND CHANGES IN EUROPE

- Define the term 'e-commerce'. (3)
 - Which technology led to the creation of e-commerce? (1)
 - The rise of e-commerce has changed the business environment. Briefly discuss the impact of e-commerce on traditional trading. (8)
 - Name **FOUR** advantages of e-commerce for the seller. (4)
 - Name **FOUR** disadvantages of e-commerce for the consumer. (4)

(Total: 20 marks)

- Give **FOUR** examples of jobs in the tertiary sector in Europe. (2)
 - The information technology (IT) industry in Malta has been on the rise for almost three decades. Discuss with reference to SmartCity Malta. (8)
 - The European Commission has stated that the intensity of research and development (R&D) in Sweden is above EU average. Discuss the importance of R&D to Sweden's economy. (10)

(Total: 20 marks)

Please turn the page.

SECTION III - DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL REALITIES

5. (a) Give the meaning of the following terms in relation to population studies:
- (i) dependency ratio; (3)
 - (ii) life expectancy; and (3)
 - (iii) infant mortality rate. (3)
- (b) Population ageing can be defined as a process in which the proportion of adults and elderly increases, while the proportion of children and adolescents decreases. Briefly discuss the effects of a longer life span on Europeans and on the societies in which they live. (10)
- (c) Name **TWO** European countries which are densely populated. (1)

(Total: 20 marks)

6. (a) Name **FOUR** job opportunities resulting from recent advancements in information technology (IT). (2)
- (b) While technological advancement has led to the creation of new job opportunities, it has also resulted in the loss of a number of jobs. Discuss. (10)
- (c) Define the term 'unemployment rate'. (2)
- (d) Name **THREE** measures taken by European governments to reduce unemployment. (6)

(Total: 20 marks)**SECTION IV - EUROPEANS AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT**

7. (a) Give the meaning of the following words or phrases:
- (i) wetlands; (3)
 - (ii) sustainable development; and (3)
 - (iii) environmental conservation. (3)
- (b) Briefly explain **THREE** threats to the Mediterranean Sea resulting from human activities. (6)
- (c) Name **TWO** main aims of the Blue Plan. (5)

(Total: 20 marks)

8. (a) The uneven distribution of water supply across Europe is heavily dictated by the continent's geography and climate. Water shortages are definitely an issue in countries like Spain. Discuss. (12)
- (b) Mention **THREE** measures which are taken by European governments to minimise the problem of water shortage. (6)
- (c) Mention **FOUR** uses for water. (2)

(Total: 20 marks)**SECTION V – THE CULTURAL HERITAGE**

9. (a) Identify **THREE** distinctive features for **each** of the following ideologies:
- (i) liberalism; (3)
 - (ii) socialism; and (3)
 - (iii) communism. (3)
- (b) Name the philosopher credited with shaping the idea of liberalism, and explain one of their main contribution to the ideology. (5)
- (c) Explain why the Enlightenment is commonly referred to as the Age of Reason. (4)
- (d) Name **TWO** important thinkers/philosophes of the Enlightenment period. (2)

(Total: 20 marks)

10. (a) Built in the 5th century B.C., the Parthenon was a symbol of the power, wealth and culture of Athens. Discuss why the Parthenon is a symbol of the European cultural heritage. (12)
- (b) The Colosseum is famous for being the world's largest amphitheatre.
- (i) Where is the Colosseum located? (1)
 - (ii) Name **TWO** main uses of this colossal building. (2)
 - (iii) Briefly describe the architecture of this important amphitheatre. (3)
- (c) Name **TWO** important works of Caravaggio. (2)

(Total: 20 marks)